



Introducing the Asian Legal Information Institute (AsianLII)



www.asianlii.org

Free access & non-profit The Asian Legal Information Institute (AsianLII - www.asianlii.org) is a non-profit and free access website for legal information from all 27 countries and territories in Asia located from Japan in the east to Pakistan in the west, and from Mongolia in the north to Timor Leste in the south. Access to AsianLII is free. **AsianLII will be launched for free public access in December 2006.**

Facilities AsianLII will provide for searching and browsing databases of legislation, case-law, law reform reports, law journals and other legal information, where available, from each country in the region. The prototype now provides access to 75 databases drawn from over half the 27 countries, with over 100,000 documents. All databases can be searched simultaneously, or searches can be limited to one country's databases or other combinations. Search results can be ordered by relevance, by date, or by database.



Asian Legal Information Institute

Free access to Asian Law

Search

[Search Help](#) | [Advanced Search](#) | [AutoSearch](#)

[75 databases](#) from 27 Asian countries and territories via the [Free Access to Law Movement](#)

News & Database Additions

- ♦ [Jammu and Kashmir High Court Decisions 2005-](#) (CommonLII)
 - ♦ [Thai Legislation](#) (AsianLII)
 - ♦ [Ritsumeikan Law Review 2004-](#) (AsianLII)
 - ♦ [Presidential Decrees of the Philippines](#) (AsianLII)
 - ♦ [Republic Acts of the Philippines](#) (AsianLII)
 - ♦ [Decree-Laws of the Democratic Republic of Timor-Leste](#) (WorldLII)
 - ♦ [Government Decrees of the Democratic Republic of Timor-Leste](#) (WorldLII)
 - ♦ [Special Panel for Serious Crimes - Timor Leste Cases 2001-](#) (WorldLII)
 - ♦ [Indonesian Legislation \(Undang-Undang\)](#) (WorldLII)
 - ♦ [Indonesian Regulations \(Peraturan Pemerintah\)](#) (WorldLII)
 - ♦ [Supreme Court of the Philippines Decisions 1901-](#) (AsianLII)
 - ♦ [District Court of Singapore Decisions 2006-](#) (CommonLII)
 - ♦ [Magistrates' Court of Singapore Decisions 2006-](#) (CommonLII)
 - ♦ [Attorney-General's Chambers of Singapore - Law Reform & Revision Division](#) (CommonLII)
 - ♦ [Law and Justice Commission of Pakistan Publications](#) (CommonLII)
- ♦ [Past additions...](#)

[APEC](#) | [ASEAN](#) | [SAARC](#)

[Law Journals](#) |

Asian Countries - * indicates no databases as yet - Catalog only

Bangladesh	Bhutan*	Brunei	Cambodia
China*	Hong Kong, China	India	Indonesia
Japan	Korea (North)*	Korea (South)	Lao PDR
Macau, China*	Malaysia	Maldives*	Mongolia*
Myanmar*	Nepal*	Pakistan	Papua New Guinea
Philippines	Singapore	Sri Lanka	Taiwan (Taipei, China)
Thailand	Timor Leste	Viet Nam*	

Front page of the AsianLII prototype - www.asianlii.org

For every country, AsianLII will also contain an extensive Catalog of law-related websites for that country (parts of the largest law catalog on the Internet), and a 'Law on Google' facility assisting users to search Google only for legal materials from that country.

Developers, partners and supporters AsianLII is being developed by the Australasian Legal Information Institute (AustLII), a joint facility of the Law Faculties at the University of Technology, Sydney (UTS) and the University of New South Wales (UNSW), in cooperation with partner institutions in Asian countries and other legal information institutes (LIIs) belonging to the Free Access to Law Movement. AustLII already provides the largest online facility for Australian legal research (www.austlii.edu.au) and coordinates the World Legal Information Institute (www.worldlii.org) for all LIIs. In 2005 it launched the Commonwealth Legal Information Institute (CommonLII - www.commonlii.org), providing access to law from 56 Commonwealth and common law countries. This experience is now being applied to access to Asian law.

AustLII is receiving funding support for the development of AsianLII's infrastructure from the Australian Research Council, for the inclusion of content from six jurisdictions from AusAID's Public Sector Linkages Programme (PSLP) (Indonesia, Cambodia, Thailand, Vietnam, the Philippines, and Macau), and for the inclusion of content from four other jurisdictions from the Australian Attorney-General's Department (India, Singapore, Malaysia and China). PSLP assists development linkages between Australian public sector organisations and those of Asian countries. The development of AsianLII is also supported by APEC's SELI (Strategic Economic Legal Infrastructure) Coordinating Group. We hope other regional institutions will join in supporting AsianLII and encouraging the provision of legal information via AsianLII.



You are here: [AsianLII](#) >> [Resources](#) >> [India - Republic of India](#)

Search: [\[Search Help\]](#) [\[Advanced Search\]](#)
Search: Databases Catalog & Websearch Law on Google

Databases

- [Supreme Court of India Decisions 1950-](#) (CommonLII)
- [Madras High Court Decisions 2001-](#) (CommonLII)
- [Allahabad High Court \(Lucknow Bench\) Decisions 2002-](#) (CommonLII)
- [Bombay High Court Decisions 2000-2003](#) (CommonLII)
- [Gauhati High Court Decisions 2003-2004](#) (CommonLII)
- [Orissa High Court Decisions 1999-2003](#) (CommonLII)
- [Indian Law Commission Reports 1999-](#) (CommonLII)
- [Delhi High Court Decisions 2004-](#) (CommonLII)
- [Allahabad High Court Decisions 1999-](#) (CommonLII)
- [Andhra Pradesh High Court Decisions 1999-](#) (CommonLII)
- [Chattisgarh High Court Decisions 2002-](#) (CommonLII)
- [Jammu and Kashmir High Court Decisions 2005-](#) (CommonLII)
- [Indian Legislation](#) (CommonLII)

Catalog and Websearch

- [Courts & Case-Law](#)
- [General \(not law-specific\)](#)
- [Inter-Government Organisations](#)
- [Law Journals](#)
- [Lawyers](#)
- [Legislation](#)
- [Parliament](#)
- [Treaties & International Agreements](#)
- [Education](#)
- [Government](#)
- [Introductions to Indian Law](#)
- [Law Reform](#)
- [Legal Aid](#)
- [Other Indexes](#)
- [Publishers & Bookshops](#)

Extract from the India home page on the AsianLII prototype

Development approach – AsianLII Asia is a region of wide diversity of languages. We will aim to include in AsianLII as much legal information as possible in the English language, so as to provide a common linguistic platform for comparative legal research. At the same time, we will obtain wherever available legal materials in national and local languages other than English and also make them accessible via AsianLII. AustLII's own search engine (Sino) is being developed to allow it to search data in any language (via conversion into Unicode). Hypertext links between the versions of the same document in different languages will be provided wherever possible. User Guides will be available in various languages used in Asia.

The databases searchable via AsianLII will in most cases be located on the AsianLII servers located at AustLII, where they will be converted into a common format. In many cases the same data will also be able to be obtained from the websites of our local partners. Where a local legal information institute with sufficient technical capacity already exists (such as HKLII for Hong Kong or PacLII in relation to Papua New Guinea law), a constantly synchronised mirror copy of the LII is located at AustLII for searching purposes, but search results from AsianLII searches return the user to the local LII.

Encouraging local capacity Part of the aim of the AsianLII project is to assist in the development of the local capacity of our partner organisations to develop and maintain independent local legal information to the standards of world's best practice, and to integrate them into international free-access law networks such as AsianLII and WorldLII. Where possible and requested, AustLII will provide technical assistance to our partner institutions to develop these capacities. This may include the provision of AustLII's Sino search engine and other software for LII development. It may also include AustLII support for applications by local partners to obtain resources. Some in-country training will be provided for our AusAID partner institutions.

Version 16 November 2006 – Prof. G Greenleaf, Prof A. Mowbray, Mr P Chung, AustLII Co-Directors